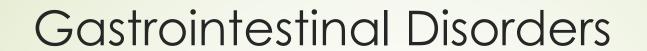
DIETARY THERAPY FOR SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

■ TDT class 7 Part 2



DIARRHEA

- General recommendations:
- Rice, glutinous rice, millet, blueberries, portobella or button mushrooms, shredded apple, cooked-warm food.

ST/SP Qi deficiency ST/SP Yang deficiency LI Qi & Yang deficiency

- Clinical manifestations
- Usually chronic diarrhea, watery stools with undigested food, bloating or flatulence after eating, pressure and warmth relieve, weakness, poor appetite; pale scalloped tongue; weak pulse

- Etiology: Too much cold food, irregular eating
- Principle of treatment: Warming sweet foods, cooked, with small amounts of acrid spices

- Meat: Poultry, beef
- Fish: Trout, salmon, tuna, shellfish
- Fruit: Steamed apples, blueberries
- Vegetables: Fennel, pureed carrots, portobella or button mushrooms
- Beverages: Fennel tea
- Grains: Rolled oats, millet, long grain rice, short grain rice with cinnamon and honey

 Avoid: Cold raw foods, cold salads, cold fruit juices, Dairy products, Frozen or canned food

Damp-Cold

- Etiology: Too much cold food, cold-damp climate
- Clinical manifestations:
- Clear watery diarrhea, borborygmi, aversion to cold, cold sensation in abdomen.
- Tongue: Swollen, slimy white fur.
- Pulse: Slow, Slippery.

- Vegetables: Fennel, carrots, sweet potato
- Beverages: Fennel tea, chai
- Grains: Oats, millet, rice (can include some mild spices)
- Sweeteners: Maple syrup, barley malt, raw honey, marzipan, raisins, raw cane sugar, molasses
- Spices: Aniseed, chili, ginger, cardamom, licorice, cinnamon, pepper

Avoid: Cold raw foods, cold salads, cold fruit juices

Damp-Heat

- Clinical manifestations
- Tenesmus, diarrhea, mucus and blood in stools, offensive odour of stools, burning in anus, scanty-dark urine, fever, sweating, thirst.
- Tongue: Red, slimy-yellow coating.
- Pulse: Slippery, Rapid.

- Etiology: Spoiled food, microbial infestation / infections
- Principle of treatment: Use boiled, steamed or raw foods. Bitter and sweet tastes and cool or cold foods.

- Fruit: Oranges, pears, bananas, cranberries, honeydew melons
- Vegetables: Eggplant, cucumbers, bamboo sprouts, mung beans, spinach, dandelion.
- Beverages: Green tea, black tea, chamomile tea, wheat beer

Grains: Amaranth, corn

Spices: Gentian

Dairy: Yogurt

Other: Tofu

Avoid: Acrid, hot foods.

SP/KD Yang deficiency

- Clinical manifestations
- Chronic morning diarrhea (usually at dawn), weakness, cold abdomen and legs.
- Tongue: Pale, Swollen.
- Pulse: Deep, Weak, Slow.

- Etiology: Overwork, chronic illness, overexposure to cold, too much cold food
- Principle of treatment: Use sweet and salty tastes; neutral, warm and hot foods and warming methods of cooking.
- Eat "Master Soup" three times a week, with carrots, beef, leeks, ginger, etc.

- Meat: Chicken, lamb, beef
- Fish: Trout, salmon, tuna, shellfish
- Fruit: Cherries, raisins
- Vegetables: Fennel, leeks, carrots
- Grains: Oats, millet, corn, short grain rice

- Spices: Aniseed, pepper, ginger, cardamom, cinnamon.
- Nuts/seeds: Chestnuts, roasted walnuts
- Avoid: Cold raw foods, cold salads, cold fruit juices



Qi or Yang deficiency

- Clinical manifestations
- Thinly formed, long stools, fatigue after defecation, pale face, cold limbs.
- Tongue: Pale, Swollen, glossy.
- Pulse: Deep, Weak.

- Etiology: Aging, chronic illness, mostly seen in the elderly and post-partum.
 - Principle of treatment: Use sweet, bitter and acrid tastes; neutral, warm and hot foods and warming methods of cooking with circulating and digestive spices.

- Meat: Poultry, beef
- Fruit: Cherries, dates, plums, raisins, peaches, apricots, figs
- Vegetables: Fennel, radish, carrots, sweet potatoes
- Beverages: Grape juice

- Grains: Oats, corn, rice, soy
- Spices: Aniseed, garlic, ginger, marzipan, cinnamon, coriander
- Nuts/seeds: Almonds, pine nuts, black sesame
- Avoid: Cold raw foods, cold salads, cold fruit juices

Yin deficiency

- Clinical manifestations
- Dry stool, dry mouth and throat, worse in the evening, night sweats, dizziness, tinnitus.
- Tongue: Red, dry, peeled.
- Pulse: Thin and rapid.

- Etiology: Aging, chronic illness, mostly seen in the elderly and post-partum.
 - Principle of treatment: Use cooling foods and cooling cooking methods. Sweet, salty and cool or neutral foods to help generate fluids.

- Meat: Pork
- Fruit: Apples, pears, bananas, apricots, plums
- Vegetables: Seaweed, Chinese cabbage, cucumbers, spinach, celery, eggplant
- Grains: Barley, wheat, wheat germ

- Spices: Salt
- Nuts/seeds: Black sesame seeds, peanuts, walnuts, almonds (with honey)
- Other: Tofu
- Avoid: Foods which are hot, bitter, and/or acrid.

LR Qi stagnation

- Clinical manifestations
- Pellet-like stools, difficult bowel movement, distension or pain of hypochondrium and chest, irritability, belching, abdominal distension
- Tongue: Normal, slightly red sides.
- Pulse: Wiry, especially on the left side.

Etiology: Anger, stress

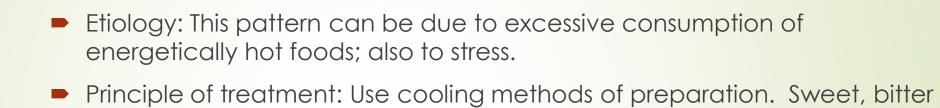
- Principle of treatment: Neutral or cool foods; sour, possibly sweet or bitter tastes.
- Raw, steamed or blanched preparation.

- Fruit: Plums, oranges, grapefruit
- Vegetables: Chinese cabbage, cucumbers, spinach, celery, tomato
- Grains: Barley, wheat, wheat germ
- Beverages: Black tea, wheat beer, plum juice

- Legumes: Mung bean, mung bean sprouts
- Spices: Ginger, garlic, pepper, marjoram, coriander (all in small amounts)
- Nuts/seeds: Black sesame seeds
- Other: Vinegar, tofu, apple cider vinegar, yogurt
- Avoid: Warming cooking methods. Hot spices, fatty-oily foods.

ST/LI Heat

- Clinical manifestations
- Dry hard stools, infrequent bowel movements, thirst with desire to drink cold liquids, sensation of heat in abdomen, bad breath.
- Tongue: Red, thick-yellow-dry coating.
- Pulse: Full, Rapid.



and sour tastes and cool or cold foods.

- Fruit: Pears, apples, bananas, kiwi, oranges, plums, grapefruit
- Vegetables: Mung beans, rhubarb, spinach.
- Beverages: Green tea, pear juice, plum juice, orange juice, wheat beer
- Grains: Wheat
- Spices: Salt
- Other: Yogurt, tofu
- Avoid: hot foods and acrid spices.